## MR. WILLIS BALKED

Provisional President Dole Refused to Be Coerced.

Cleveland's Minister Wanted All the "Restoration" Correspondence Kept from the Public.

REQUEST FLATLY REFUSED

Notwithstanding Dire Threats of the American Minister.

Situation at Honolulu on Jan. 12-Thurston on His Way to Washington with Important Dispatches.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 19.-The steamer Monowai arrived from Sydney, Auckland and Samoa, via Honolulu, late this afternoon. She brings full Hawaiian advices nearly a week later than previous advices. The correspondent of the Associated Press. writing under date of Jan. 12, says: "Since the salling of the last steamer political affairs have been a drug in Honolulu. The government has been pursuing a waiting policy, on the ground that no definite action can be taken here until some definite policy regarding Hawait has been announced by the United States. The candidacy of Walter C. Smith, editor of the Star, to fill the vacancy to be created on the return of Hon. F. M. Hatch, who will resign to accept the position of Minister of Foreign Affairs, still holds a prominent place in Hawaiian politics. Objections are urged to Hatch as the representative of sugar corporations and attorney for Claus Spreckels. As stated in the last letter, the fight is virtually one between the radical and conservative elements of the annexationists.

"Both Minister Willis and Consul-general Mills appear to be sore on account of treatment of the United States govern ment in Hawaii, as well as on account of the personal snubbing they claim the American residents have given them lately. Just previous to the sailing of the Monowal a sensational rumor was current, which was traced to an authoritative source, that a few days after President Dole's reply was delivered to Minister Willis. and before full detalls of Willis's demand and Dole's reply had been published, Willis called on Dole and endeavored to persuade him to return all of his (Willis's) correspondence on the subject of restoration and to expunge from the records Dole's reply, and everything else pertaining to the subject, and to maintain absolute secrecy about the whole transaction. Dole flatly refused to enter into such a plan, and it is said that Willis then attempted to force Dole to act according to his wishes, threatening to take the American men-of-war out of the harbor and practically break off diplomatic relations between the United States and Hawaii. Dole still refused to enter into the project, and Willis's alleged attempt to nullify his restoration policy

"The government has determined to celebrate the 17th of January as a holiday, and preparations are being made to carry out a big demonstration, which will include a military display in the afternoon and a torchlight procession and fireworks at night. Both the American League and Annexation Club will take part, as will the new German political organization to be organized in favor of annexation. "The question of a republic still occa-ples attention, but the government delays

action, awaiting rejection of Hawaii's hopes by the United States Congress. 'Rumors of an expected royalist uprising have been prevalent recently. In an interview with Marshal Hitchcock that officer said: 'The gov\_nment is fully prepared to meet any outbreak, either here or on other islands. The royalists have threatened so long that the royal standard would be raised on one of the other islands that we have prepared so thoroughly to squeich any uprising that may be made either through irresponsible persons or through the influence of the Spreckles-Cornwell faction.' The Marshal also said: 'The royalists have sent several lobbyists to the United States lately, and I understand that Hon. C. W. Ashford goes by the Monowai to-morrow to appear before a committee of Congress at its present session. Ashford was preceded by Hon. E. C. MacFarlane and Arthur Peterson, accompanied by Hon. Sam Parker, for the avowed purpose campaign in favor of restoration."
"The showing of the Finance Depart-

of enlisting Claus Spreckles in the lobby ment since the taxes began to come in on Dec. 15 continues to improve. The cash balance yesterday was over \$278,000, and the Minister of Finance announces that all expenses of the government up to Dec. 1, 1893, have been paid, together with all offi-cial salaries and pay rolls to Jan. 1, 1894."

## THURSTON'S MISSION.

The Minister Taking Important Dispatches to Washington.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.-Important dispatches are being carried to Washington by Minisetr Thurston, who passed through Chicago to-day, en route from Honolulu to Washington. He came alone on the Northwestern flyer, and left almost immediately on the Baltimore & Ohio. He said that he was taking important dispatches, and added: "There is absolutely nothing that I can say without a violation of what may properly be considered as the courtesy due to the officials with whom I am to discuss

"Have you any fears as to the nature of your reception at Washington?" Mr. Thurston was asked. "None whatever. The United States government is uniformly just and tolerant, and I have every reason to believe that I will continue to receive due official recognition.

President Dole and the members of his cabi-

net felt so certain of this when I bade them good-bye that all my doubts were ban-In reply to other queries Mr. Thurston said that when he left Honolulu Minister Willis was still persona grata, and that there was not, nor would there be a move-ment on the part of President Dole and the government to furnish Minister Willis his

## SENATE INVESTIGATION.

Testimony of Two Officers of the Bos-

ton and Professor Oleson. WASHINGTON, Jan. 19 .- Liutenant Commander Swindurne, of the Boston, was today again before the Senate Hawaiian investigating committee for the purpose of adding some details to the information given on Wednesday, and was followed by Lieutenant DeWitt Coffman, also of the Boston. The latter proved to be an important witness in the interest of the administration, as he in many particulars confirmed the report of Commissioner Blount as to the landing and stationing of the marines and the part taken by them in the revolution a year ago. It is understood that he was summoned upon the request of the State Department.

Another witness was Prof. B. Oleson, whose testimony was all in the interest and

Professor Oleson is a Massachusetts man, who resided in Honolulu many years ago. Professor Oleson ridiculed the idea that there was any fear of danger from the American troops. They had been landed on a former occasion of trouble and had demeaned themselves so favorably that the residents, native and foreign-born, become convinced that there was no longer any interfer-ence to be expected from the American troops unless it became necessary for them to take part to protect American citizens or their property. He declared that the more moral and intelligent of the natives were friends and coworkers of the whites, and with them had opposed the unjust demands of the Queen, and he said that many of this class stood for annexation to the United States. Professor Oleson proved a strong advocate of annexation. He said that the strife of the past twenty years had engendered so much feeling between parties and individuals that unless some strong government took charge of affairs in the islands society would be pervaded by such a feeling of unrest, uncertainty and anylate acts of the past twenty years. and anxiety as to make life there very un-certain and undesirable, and, owing to the fact of location, and that the better element of the white population was American by birth or descent, to say nothing of mutual interests, he thought this country ought to be the one to control affairs in

Lieutenant Coffman was the next witness. He was in command of one of the detachments when the force from the Boston landed at Honolulu on the afternoon of Jan. 16. His testimony was, in most particulars, confirmatory of the statements heretofore made by other naval officials who have appeared before the committee, but there was a slight variation, which appeared to be more favorable to the claims made by Commissioner Blount and the opponents of the provisional government. It is understood ex-Minister Stevens will be called before the investigating committee

Recruiting for Lilluokalani. HAVERHILL, Mass., Jan. 19 .- For several weeks Smith Hill has been in town securing men, ostensibly to go to New York and then sail for Brazil to fight in the Brazilian army. It is rumored, however, that the real destination of the men is Honolulu, where they are to fight for Queen Liliuokalini. This seems to be substantiated by the articles of enlistment, which provides that they are not to be signed until the recruit is on shipboard at sea. Hill says he knows nothing further of the plans than have been told him by his superior officer. One of the prospective re-cruits, named McGee, states that he promised to sign articles and was promised a lieutenancy and \$100 per month if he would go to the Sandwich Islands. Forty-six men here have promised to sign the articles.

A Fine Distinction. WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.-Some comment has been made on the fact that no Hawaiian representative was invited to the diplomatic dinner last night at the White House. Minister Thurston has not yet arrived in Washington. It is explained that had Frank P. Hastings, secretary of the Hawailan legation, been charge d'affaires ad interim, he would have been invited, but it seems that the State Department regards him as charge des affaires, and a charge des affaires is not recognized as a full diplomatic representative of his country.

#### TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

A report that revolutionists had captured the city of Chihuahua, Mexico, proves to have been incorrect. The bankers of Utah protest against the removal of the tariff on wool contem-

plated in the Wilson bill. Augustus A. Thompson, an Englishman, sixty years old, is under arrest at New York, charged with forgery. Mrs. Schaeffer, the president of Welles-ly College, is dangerously ill with pneu-

monia, and is not likely to recover. Owing to the frequency of criminal as-saults in the suburbs of St. Louis, the people are organizing a vigilance committee. Fifty negro families in Monroe county, Arkansas have offered their property for sale, with the intention of emigrating to

Prendergast's attorneys will to-day ask Judge Brentano to grant the assassin a new trial. If the motion is denied the murderer will be sentenced. The five burglars who attempted to rob the postoffice in Danville, Pa., and who mortally wounded policeman Van Gilder while making their escape, have been cap-

The Louisville Trust Company, as administrator of George H. Hinkle, has sued the Phoenix Bridge Company for \$25,000 damages. The deceased was a victim of the bridge disaster on Dec. 15. A fine of \$25 was the punishment meted

out to Henry Meyer, son of ex-Premier Meyer, of Quebec, Paul De Martigny and J. E. Pelland for attempting to blow up the Nelson monument at Montreal. The fatalities in the Hackensack railway collision were increased yesterday by the death of Charles E. Minchner. Edwin M. Clarke and Christian Arnold, who were

hurt in the wreck, are both in an exceed-

ingly critical condition. Todd M. Pettigrew, cashier of the First National Bank of Sundance, Wyo., has been sentenced to five years in the penitentlary. He built the Sun Dance water works and took the money from the bank to do it, hoping to sell bonds to reimburse the bank, but hard times came on and the

bonds were unsalable. Hugh Schwabe, son of Senator Schwabe, of Hamburg, who recently gave a million and a half marks to endow a picture gailery in that city, committed suicide in San Francisco Thursday night. His mother was Countess Von Welden, of Lubeck. Schwabe was a bookkeeper for a wholesale firm, and had been leading a fast life.

## Business Embarrassments.

OTTAWA, O., Jan. 19.-The Ottawa Exchange Bank, the property of S. Slauson, assigned to-day, handing over all property and money to Dr. Reed and Bruce McGrevey as assignees. The assets are about \$70,-000. The bank will pay about 40 cents on the dollar, and the real estate may raise it to 75 cents. It is the oldest bank in northwestern Ohio. The cashier, Benjamin F. Denniston, who is in New York, is charged with high living and injudicious invest-

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Judge Barrett to-day appointed Henry W. Gray receiver for the Thomson-Houston Electric Company. The receiver's bond is fixed at \$50,000. This concern, as the corporation indicates, is a local company and in no way connected with the Thomson-Houston Electric Company, of Boston, the large corporation which is now a part of the General Elec-

PITTSBURG, Jan. 19.-On the application this morning of William Harty, of Ontario, Canada, Joseph McNaugher, of this city, was appointed receiver for the Pittsburg Brass Company by Judge Acheson, of the United States Circuit Court. Assets, \$400,000; liabilities, \$175,000.

Miners Refuse to Be Evicted. MIDDLESBORO, Ky., Jan. 19.-To-day

Mingo Junction. Twenty United States marshals were on the ground, but the miners absolutely refused to move. Should violent means be adopted trouble will ensue. Six hundred Clear creek miners have notified their Mingo brethren that they will help them at a minute's warning. Notices have been posted for the men to vacate the houses. Petitions are being circulated for aid, as some of the miners are destitute. Everything is quiet to-night. Lincoln Banqueted.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.-Robert T. Lincoln who is at present at the Holland House, was honored by the Robert T. Lincoln Club to-night. The club tendered a banquet, and a joily party met to greet the son of one of the greatest of Presidents of the United States. The ex-minister to Great Britain made an informal address, chiefly on social matters and absolutely devoid of poli-

Saicide of F. B. Jilson. ST. PAUL, Jan. 19 .- F. B. Jilson, of Jilson & Satterlees, dealers in railroad supplies, for many years a leading business man of this city, committed suicide this afternoon at his home on Nina avenue, by shooting himself in the head. A letter addressed to his wife gave business depression as a reason for the suicide.

Mr. Masterson Thinks the \$20,000 Purse Has a String to It.

He Tells the Duval Club Managers He Wouldn't Trust Them as Far as He Could See Them.

TICKETS MAY BE \$50 APIECE

Small Crowd Expected to Witness the Prize Fight.

Hotel Keepers and Others Beginning to Complain-Mr. W. W. Woollen's View of the Situation.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 19.-There is yet a very grave doubt in the minds of many here whether the big fight will take place or not. There is a suspicion abroad that the Duval Athletic Club does not hope for anything more cheering than an additional loss. There are those who argue that, aside from the money already lost (over \$15,000), it will cost the club that much more to bring the men to the point where they can contest for the \$20,000 purse. W. B. Masterson, of Denver, who is representing Mitchell's interest, to-day came into the city from Anatasia Island with blood in his eye. After a two hours' star chamber session with Bowden, Mason et al., "Bat" announced the whole outfit a pack of sure-thing men. It appears that the provisional indorsement on the back of the certificated check for the purse did not satisfy either Mitchell or Masterson. It provides that John Kelly be paid, in trust, for the winner, \$20,000, on the 26th day of terson came bluntly to the point. He told Bowden and Mason that he would trust them as far man could see in a sand-He argued further with the club so disposed, it could very readily have the contest stopped at any

juncture it deemed most important after the men put up their hands. He insisted upon two points. First that the men should be declared in action and entitled to the money as soon as they toed the scratch and that interference of any sort subsequent thereto should not be deemed ground upon which the purse could be withdrawn. "In other words," qualified Masterson, "I don't want you to spring a posse of deputy sheriff's on Mitchell after you have collected your gate money and declare the fight and purse off." Masterson next demanded that the provisional indorsement on the back of the check be erased and that Referee Kelly convert into cash or transfer to his own account, the order to pay, before leaving the city for the battle ground. Continuing, he said: "If I issued a check of that kind and wanted to evade its payment or so tie up the money as to make it unavailable to the payee, I would have to go to a lawyer for information on the point. I do not charge you with any wrong intentions, but I will be candid with you and say that I do not trust you. It is possible, if not probable, that the cashier of the First National Bank of Florida will be enjoined from paying that check on the 26th of January. The process is simple enough and if it is not, that of the garnishee is. Again, I tell you, I will not trust you. It is purely a business proposition, and Mitchell will insist upon business principles guarding it." It is alleged by Masterson that the quintet that has guided the club's affairs con-cluded to accede to his demands. Mitchell, it is said, is the real kicker. The Englishman thinks the club has a string tied to

the \$20,000, and that it is its intention to draw it back just as it comes into the hands of the fighters. Aside from the above, the situation here is practically as it was yesterday. sports are arriving from New York and the Northeast in small detachments, and there is every indication that the crowd in attendance next Thursday will be a small one. The fact that no tickets are sold for less than \$25, with a not repossibility that \$50 will be charged to see the fight, has had a deterent effect which is already noticeable. The club today reiterated the fact that \$50 a head would be the price if there are less than a thousand to go, and \$25 if more than a thousand. A general alarm has been raised along the line, not alone by the sports, but by hotel keepers, transportation companies and merchants who subscribed to the fight Manager Bowden was asked to-night to give a purse of \$10,000 for a fight between "Dan" Creedon and "Bob" Fitzsimmons. The proposition was refused quicker than it

was presented. It has been arranged for the men to box a limited number of rounds with the smallest possible gloves in any city that will allow them. The gate receipts will be divided 75 per cent. and 25 per cent. A prominent sporting man to-night of-fered to bet \$18,000 to \$40,000 on Mitchell. Among the sports who arrived in town today are John D. Hopkins, Creedon's manager, "Al" Smith and "Ike" Thompson. Two Hundred Going from St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 19.-The Louisville & Nashville rate of \$20.50 to the would-be prize fight in Florida has been met by the Cairo short line and Mobile & Ohio. Some days ago it was stated that not over thirty persons, from St. Louis, would attend the contest, but from the reports of the Pullman Palace Car Company and the St. Louis passenger agents, over 200 tickets have been contracted for already.

MR. WOOLLEN ON THE FIGHT.

Asked to Convey Governor Mitchell's Compliments to Governor Matthews. Ex-City Controller Woollen has returned from a stay in Florida, where he went to benefit his health. He is much improved, save for a cold incident to the change of elimate. Mr. Woollen bears a message from the Governor of Florida to the Governor of Indiana, and while it may not take the place in history that the famous message from the Governor of South Carolina to the Governor of North Carolina took, yet is of much more import. After leaving Monticello Mr. Woollen went to Tallahassee, the capital of the State, and presented a letter of introduction to Gov. Mitchell. He had the good fortune to become well acquainted with the Governor, occupying the same table with him at the hotel. As Mr. Woolien bade the Governor good-bye, the now celebrated official re-"When you see your Governor, give him

my respects and tell him that I have watched his course in the Roby affair with much interest. We now have had an experience in common. I hope some day to have the pleasure of meeting him." The Corbett-Mitchell fight was the leading topic of conversation at the time Mr. Woollen was at Tallahassee, and he ahd frequent opportunity to talk with the Governor and the Attorney-general about the affair. Attorney-general Lamar, of Florida, is a nepnew of the late Supreme Court Justice. Woollen became well acquainted with him. He says the newspapers have failed to mention one pertinent point in connection with the imbroglio at Jacksonville. The Governor told him that he had the power to remove from office any sheriff in the State who failed to do his duty. The sheriff of Duvall county, in which Jacksonville, is located, is well acquainted with this Provision of the law which gives the Governor the power to take his official scalp at short notice. The sheriff was therefore between Scylla and Charbydis; or, as it is more vulgarly expressed, between the devil and the deep blue sea. If he interfered with the fight his own townspeople were apt to retaliate, and if he permitted the fight go on the Governor might rout him from office. The sheriff, however, would have probably stood with the Governor if it had come to a test.

"The fight will not come off in a public place," said Mr. Woollen. "That is a fact. The Governor would not have ordered out the militia at Jacksonville, although he believes the company would have responded if he had given the call. The militia would have come from other parts of the State. Of course the Governor cannot prevent the pugilists and their friends from meeting by stealth in some out-of-the-way place. The people of the State outside of Jack-sonville and St. Augustine sustain the action of the Governor. The Governor is a very fine man and an executive of which any State may well be proud. He is sur-rounded by the best of Christian influences,

played. His brother is a Methodist preach-er and his wife is a very earnest member of the same church.' Mr. Woollen saw trophies of some very fine sport around Tallahassee. One hunter at the hotel came in one day with ninetyeight quails as a result of his skirmishing single-handed in the surrounding country

WEALTHY GLASS WORKERS.

quring one day.

Pittsburg Assembly Loans \$50,000 to a Manufacturer.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 19. - To-night at a meeting of Local Assembly 300, Windowglass Workers' Association, the application of James A. Chambers for a loan of \$50,000 was finally passed upon and approved, and the money will be advanced when the attorney of the association passes on the security offered. This is the first case, probably, in the world where a labor union has been called upon to loan money to an employer. Mr. Chambers's applica-tion has been in since early in November, and on the securing of the money de-pended the continuation of the Chambers plant at Kensington.

CONFIDENCE MEN CAUGHT.

Shaw and Bates, Wanted in Indiana, Arrested in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 19.-The capture of Hiram Shaw and Henry F. Bates, the two notorious confidence men who tried to bunco Mr. Ford a few days ago, has proved an important one. John T. Norris, a private detective at Springfield, O., telegraphed that they are wanted at Greensburg, Pa.; Tiffin, O.; Troy, O., and several Indiana towns. The amount of money se-cured by them, it is alleged, will amount to over \$24,000. Other dispatches have been received from Pittsburg and Rock Island.

#### OBITUARY.

Suicide of Judge C. P. Thompson, Who Defeated Gen. Butler for Congress. GLOUCESTER, Mass., Jan. 19.—Judge C. P. Thompson, of the Superior Court, committed suicide at his home to-day by shooting himself through the head with a re-volver. He has been ill for the past two months, and it is generally believed that discouragement and despondency brought

about the suicide. Governor Robinson appointed Judge January, the day after the contest. Mas- Thompson in 1865. He was born in 1827 and admitted to the bar in 1854. He was elected to the Forty-fourth Congress as a Democrat, defeating General Butler, then a Republican, by 1,000 votes.

> Other Deaths. BOSTON, Jan. 19.-Ex-Governor William Gaston, one of the best-known lawyers and most prominent Democrats of this State, is dead. He was admitted to the bar in 1344, and was Mayor of Boston during the great fire. In 1874 he was elected Governor of the State by 7,000 majority over Talbott. Since then he has remained in private life and practiced law.

LONDON, Jan. 19 .- The Times announces the death of Rev. Charles Ingraham, who was attached to the American Baptist mission on the lower Congo. The Times says that Mr. Ingraham was a famous shot. He was trampled to death in December by an elephant which he had shot at and tried to

Breckinridge Will Not Back Out. LEXINGTON, Ky., Jan. 19.-Colonel Breckinridge will make an aggressive campaign, the following circular letter which he issued to-day, insuring a most sensational campaign:

"Dear Sir-The canvass for Congressman has in a certain sense opened, and that very vigorously. My enemies are extremely busy, and do not confine themselves to legitimate methods of canvassing. They are attempting to stab me in the back while I am here attending to my public duties. I cannot neglect these duties and leave the district unrepresented when important measures are pending, and I must, therefore, throw myself on the indulgence of my friends, and ask their help. I assure you I intend to make this race, and I don't intend to make a defensive race. I ask your support, and I would take as a favor if you would send the names of the Democrats in your neighborhood and correspond with me from time to time.

Walter Damrosch Fined. NEW YORK, Jan. 19.-Walter Damrosch, the musical director, was fined to-day by the Musical Mutual Protective Union for allowing the imported 'celloist, Hegner, to play in his orchestra and for forcing the other members of the orchestra to play with him. The result of the fight is considered a great victory for the union. It is believed that Damrosch will pay the

Mob Dispersed by Militia. COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., Jan. 19.-Leon W. Lozier, of this city, was arrested in Omaha to-day for attempting to assault the little daughter of Chris Anderson. He was followed to jail by an excited crowd and threats of lynching were freely in-dulged. A company of militia dispersed the

Three Millions in Dispute. SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 19.-It was discovered recently that stock of the Southern Pacific railway to the amount of \$3,-000,000, which was claimed by the Stanford estate, was in the possession of C. P.

Huntington. Mrs. Stanford will make an effort to secure it by suit, if necessary. Perished by an Avalanche. WINNIPEG, Man., Jan. 19 .- Word has been received here that L. Dollan, of this city, and a party of nine men perished in an avalanche on the Rocky mountains. Nearly all the members of the party were

from this city, but the names are not as yet learned. Condition of Mr. Childs. PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 19.-George W. Childs was reported as resting comfortably this morning, and his condition considered

that Mr. Childs is a very sick man. The London Stone.

Goldthwaite's Geographical Magazine. In the heart of the city of London stands an old house of worship-the Church of St. Swithin. It was rebuilt upon its former foundation by Sir Christopher Wren, who was also the architect of St. Paul's Cathedral. The traveler who visits it must pass through the crowd of hucksters of fruit and vegetables, and of women with baskets of flowers which surround it, until the foundation is reached, and there, among the bluish stone slabs of which it is formed, will be found a large, oblong, gray stone. This is London stone. It was erected by the Romans, fifty years before the birth of Christ, to denote the central point of their possessions in Britain. From it, we are told, all roads and distances were measured, all divisions of property were reckoned, and it has been called by many-"the heart of Eng-There are fifty-one churches in Great Britain which bear the name of this excellent man-St. Swithin-who lived in the time of King Egbert, but it is the church in the wonderful old city of London which has this historic stone.

Russia Our Customer.

Hardware. Since 1876 Russia has been a large importer of agricultural implements from the United States. This was brought about by some visitors from that country becoming interested in the quality of American machinery, and carrying home specimens, and a steady growth in the trade has been the result ever since. In hay presses, no other sort is used than those of American manufacture. The American reaper, mowing machine, binder, horse rake and drill, have all quite supplanted the English article. The plow has made very little impression, however, it being considered too expensive. Russia has quite a large manufacturing in metal goods, that of wire and wire nails being important. Its metal industries date back to a time previous to that of Peter the Great.

## Pious Wisdom.

In order to show us the stars God had to give us night Spiritual dyspepsia is as hard to cure as the other kind. Some preachers try to substitute the bread of life with cake of their own make. A big salary for the preacher often means a small Bible for his church. We forget the sunlight when we notice Ante-rooms to both heaven and hell can be

found in every great city The man who howls at the passing of the hat in carren will pay a big hotel bill with a smile on his face. It won't do any good to paint the pump if there is polson in the water,

Well Defined.

Amicus-You say that poem is magaziny. What particular quality do you consider it as possessing? oet-Some quality that will enable me to and this shows in the backbone he has dis- | sell it for more than it is worth.

Weak and Poor

In flesh, had a cough all the time, and sometimes I could not lie down for I was so distressed, short of breath. I consulted seven physicians, and the conclusion was that I certainly had Consumption and my case was hope-

less. One physician advised me to go either south or to Colcrado, as I could not live in the north. My husband was in the drug business and sold out to go away, but a friend advised me to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I did so and

have improved rapidly in health ever

since I began with it, and am now able to do my own work. I feel like a new person." MRS. F. O. STONE, Geneva, Ohlo. Hood's Pills cure consupation. 25c

THE FARMERS' UNION.

New Organization of Agriculturists to Be Launched on the Country.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19 .- The National Farmers' Alliance convention has taken the first step toward a confederation of agricultural unions throughout the United States. A definite plan of organization to include the five prominent orders of this country was adopted to-day and a committee appointed to secure its adoption by the other unions. The organization will be called "The Farmers' Union," and the alliance men are confident that it will receive the hearty indorsement of every section of agricultural interests. Persons at the head of the movement gave out the information to-day that the movement had already received the tacit indorsement of the Grange, the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association and the Patrons of Industry. The "Farmers' Union" will be incorporated under the laws of Illinois and it is expressly provided that it shall be a nonsecret organization The constitution and by-laws shall be based upon the form of the Constitution of the United States and the plan of general government in its legislation, executive and judicial departments. One of the specifically stated objects of the federation is "to promote social harmony and entertainment for the families of isolated farmers." As a committee to hasten the adoption of this plan by the other orders there was appointed E. J. Bye, of West Branch, Ia.; Milton George, of Chicago, and Wells Purvis, of Cardington, O.

#### CHICAGO IDOL SHATTERED.

Mr. H. Ringler Deciphers an Inscription That Puzzled Savants.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19 .- The race does not always go to the swift; neither do the learned know all things. In the art institute here is a plaster cast taken from a rock in Asia Minor; on it are hieroglyphics that have long puzzled scholars and scientists; none has been able to decipher the strange inscription. Yesterday Mr. H. Ringler, of Marion, Ind., a well-known sportsman, while strolling through the institute saw the plaster cast. It looked familiar, and the Hoosier stopped to examine it. This is what he saw on the cast: "H. Ringler." The hieroglyphics were like an A B C lesson to the man from Marion; and no wonder. In 1857 Mr. Ringler was in Boghaz Kevi, Asia Minor, which is about thirty miles from Smyrna. On a hunting trip he had come across a rough rock statue on a hillside. With no thought of vandalism Mr. Ringler carved his name upon it, and had never thought of it a second time, until he saw it traced upon the figure in the institute. It was a severe blow to the directors of the institute when they heard the story, for it had confidently been supposed that the inscription was nothing less than one by some scholarly Hittite, or per-haps a fac-simile of the signature of Sesostris, done in one of his best moments.

Letter Writers.

Buffalo Commercial. Millions upon millions of letters were written by the people of this great country last year; no small portion of these were sent to the newspapers asking them to "decide a bet.

Hope to Those Afflicted with Bald-

HOPE FOR THE HAIRLESS. Professor Birkholz, of Chicago, Gives

ness-A "No Cure, No Pay" Treat-Prof. G. Birkholz, of Chicago, the eminent German specialist, who for years has devoted his time and talent to the study of hair follicles, and who has evolved the most successful treatment for baldness the world has ever known. He will carefully examine each case, and candldly inform the inquirer whether his baldness can be cured and the hair restored. These examinations are made with-

In all cases where there are any hair follicles remaining undestroyed by age or disease, the professor will undertake a cure, and if he does not effect a restoration of the hair he will ask no pay. The remedy is an imported one and the treatment given by the professor is his own, and cures where all others fail. If your case has been pronounced incurable do not take it as a final answer until you have seen Professor Birkholz and received his opinion. Many persons have small bald spots

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#### Editor Iowa Plain Dealer, Cresco, Ia. **WORKS WONDERS** CUTICURA REMEDIES speedily cure every humor

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Notary Public.

JOHN C. WRIGHT, Attest: J. C. McCurcheon, Secretary. Subscribed and sworn to be ore me, this 19th day of January, 1894. PEARL A. HAVELICK,

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